Subject	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Theme	Old MacDonald had a	Toy Story	There's No Place Like	The Wheels on the	Ponds, Parks &	People, Portraits &
	farm.		Home.	Bus.	Plants.	Picnics.
Class novel	Fantastic Mr Fox by Roald Dahl	Rabbit & Bear by Julian Gough and Jim Fields	The Twits by Roald Dahl	The Legend of Kevin by Philip Reeve and Sarah McIntyre	The Enchanted Wood by Enid Blyton	The Enchanted Wood by Enid Blyton
English genres	Recount farm visit Information about foxes Stories with patterned language Chicken Licken Stories from other cultures - Handa's Surprise by Elieen Browne (poetry – write a senses-based poem) Farmer Duck by Martin Waddell - sequencing Rosie's Walk by Pat Hutchins— story map Pig in the Pond by Jill Barton and Martin Waddell – story map and written retell	Non-chronological report — old toys Adventure story — That Rabbit Belongs to Emily Brown Retell Religious Stories (Nativity) Persuasive — Toy Museum poster and invitation	Traditional Tale — Three Little Pigs (Informal letter, persuasive pig house for sale) Information text — types of houses Formal letter — park improvement Learn & recite The Key (poem by James Carter)	Adventure Story, character description — On The Way Home Contemporary story — Naughty Bus Religious stories - Easter Information text — church visit	Instructions — pond dipping Information text, character description, persuasive habitat posters, recount of the bog baby hunt — Bog Baby Leam & recite Seasons of Trees (poem by Julie Holder)	Diary (Information) Explanation Contemporary story Non-chronological report - Mosque Imagined/fantasy world Description – Jack and the Beanstalk Traditional Tale – retell Jack and the Beanstalk and create alternative solution and resolution. Poetry – Don't by Michael Rosen – children write own rhyming poem
Maths	Number - identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations. Use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least Count to and across 100, compare and order numbers, count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals. NCETM Unit 1 Addition – part whole model, number bonds to and within 10 NCETM Unit 2 Measurement - Sequence events in chronological order using language such as: before and after, next, first, today, Geometry - Describe position, direction and movement. NCETM Unit 10	Number – count to and across 100, compare and order numbers, count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals. Addition and Subtraction – part whole model, number bonds to and withtwin 10, fact families add and subtract numbers to 10, including zero counting and adding across teens numbers. NCETM Unit 2 and unit 5 Geometry – Recognise & name 2D and 3D Shapes NCETM Unit 4 Measurement – recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years. Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. Solve problems involving time. NCETM Unit 11	Number – count to and across 100, compare and order numbers, count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals. Count in multiples of two, five and ten Recognise number patterns, e.g. odd and even numbers. Given a number identify 1 more/1 less, 10 more/10 less. Tens and Ones - To recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins NCETM Unit 9 Addition and Subtraction - solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction (context of money) NCETM Unit 6 Adding and subtracting multiples of ten Fractions – recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object/shape	Number - identify and represent numbers by partitioning 2 and 3 digit numbers Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words. NCETM Unit 8 Addition and Subtraction - read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) NCETM Unit 7 Measurement - compare, describe and solve practical problems for length (nonstandard & m & cm) Compare, describe and solve practical problems for weight (non-standard & kg & g) Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years NCETM Unit 11	Number - count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens. Addition and Subtraction - solve one-step problems and missing number problems. Multiplication and Division - use knowledge of multiples of 2, 5 and 10 to solve problems and carry out investigations. Solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using pictorial representations and arrays with teacher support. Fractions - recognise, find and name a half and a quarter as one of four equal parts of an amount, an object and a shape	Number – count to and across 100, compare and order numbers, count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals. Introducing the 100 square. Addition and Subtraction - add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero NCETM Unit 8 Measurement - recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years. Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. Solve problems involving time. NCETM Unit 11

Science	Animals inc humans Identify and name a variety of common animals, including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals. Identify and name a variety of common animals that are camivores, herbivores and omnivores. Describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals including pets). Identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense. Seasonal Changes Observe changes across the four seasons. Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies.	Animals inc humans cont. + Seasonal Changes Observe changes across the Jour seasons. Use the local environment throughout the year to explore and answer questions about plants growing in their habitat. Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies.	Everyday Materials Distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made. Identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water and rock. Describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties. Seasonal Changes Observe changes across the four seasons. Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies.	Everyday Materials cont. + Seasonal Changes Observe changes across the four seasons. Use the local environment throughout the year to explore and answer questions about plants growing in their habitat. Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies.	Geometry - Describe position, directions and movements, including half, quarter and three-quarter turns. NCETM Unit 10 Plants Identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees Identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees Animals (revisited) Identify and name a variety of common animals, including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals (focus o pond and woodland animals) Describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals including pets).	Plants cont. + Seasonal Changes Observe changes across the four seasons. Use the local environment throughout the year to explore and answer questions about plants growing in their habitat. Observe changes across the four seasons. Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies.
Computing	E-safety – Chicken' Clickin' & online safety unit 'SAFE!' Computing systems and networks- Technology around us Identify technology	Computing systems and networks- Technology around us Identify technology Identify a computer and its main parts	Discuss ways you can navigate through websites (Google maps/Google Earth) Programming – Moving a robot Explain what a given command will do.	Create a 2D animation based on 'Naughty Bus' Data and information — Grouping data Label objects Identify that objects can be counted.	Researching Newts and other amphibians and creating a presentation. Creating media-Digital writing Use a computer to write. Add and remove text.	Programming — Introduction to animation Choose a command for a given purpose. Join a series of commands together.

	Identify a computer and its main parts Use a mouse in different ways Use a keyboard to type on a computer Logging on independently. Use the keyboard to edit text Create rules for using technology responsibly Creating media — Digital painting Describe what freehand tools do in digital painting. Use the shape and the line tools. Make careful choices when painting a digital picture. Explain why I chose the tools I used. Use a computer to paint a picture. Compare painting a picture on a computer and paper.	Use a mouse in different ways Use a keyboard to type on a computer Logging on independently. Use the keyboard to edit text Create rules for using technology responsibly	Act out a given instruction. To combine forwards and backwards commands to make a sequence To combine four direction commands to make sequences Plan a simple program Find more than one solution to a problem (debug)	Describe objects in different ways. Count objects with the same properties. Compare groups of objects. Answer questions about groups of objects.	Identify that the look of the text can be changed on the computer. Make careful choices. When changing the text. Explain why I chose the tools that I chose. Compare typing on a computer to typing on paper	Identify the effect of changing a value. Explain that each sprite has its own instructions. Design the parts of a project. Use an algorithm to create a program.
History		Beyond living memory Recognise that we celebrate certain events, such as bonfire night, because of what happened many years ago. Within living memory Know that the toys their parents/grandparents played with were different to their own.	Lives of significant people L.S. Lowry study - Know about a famous person and explain why they are famous. Within living memory Know what a number of older objects were used for (link to houses and homes).	Local history Coventry Transport Museum inc. James Starley & the bicycle industry – Know the name of a famous person or a famous place, close to where they live.		

		Organise a number of artefacts by age. Know the main difference between their school days and that of their parents/grandparent.				
Geography k f i t s	Locational Knowledge Know the names of the Pour countries that make up the UK and name the three main seas that surround the UK. (linked to science – animals)		Locational Knowledge Describe a locality using words and pictures. Skills and Fieldwork Know their address including their postcode. Know which is NESW on a compass. Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language to describe the location of features and routes on a map. Human and Physical Geography, Know the main differences between city, town and village. Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment. (house survey & local area study)	Place Knowledge Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom (Coventry), and of a small area in a contrasting non- European country Know features of hot and cold places in the world. Skills and Fieldwork Know where the equator, North Pole and South Pole are on a globe. Human and Physical Geography Know which is the hottest and coldest season in the UK. Know and recognise main weather symbols. Locational Knowledge Know the names of the four countries that make up the UK and name the three main	Skills and Fieldwork Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment (plant survey + Ryton Pools visit comparing habitats)	Skills and Fieldwork Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment (plant survey)

				seas that surround the UK.(linked to weather)		
Art	Drawing - draw fruit and veg using pencils and crayons; draw lines of different shapes and thickness, using 2 different grades of pencil Printing – Producing artwork based on fruit and vegetables - Print with veg and fruit onto paper and create a repeating pattern. and ask questions about it. Use of IT – Use a simple painting program to create a picture of Chicken Licken. Use tools like fill and brushes in a painting package. Go back and change their picture. To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space. Knowledge – describe what I see and like in the work of Cezanne	Textiles – Sort threads and fabrics, group fabrics and threads by colour and texture and weave with fabric and thread Weaving - To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products (weaving linked to seasonal colours)	A Street in Ash Green, based on the work of L.S. Lowry – To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products (mixed media pictures) Collage – Cut paper and card for their collages, gather and sort the materials they will need Knowledge – describe what I see and like in the work of Lowry. Painting: Name the primary and secondary colours. Drawing – draw using pencils and crayons; draw lines of different shapes and thickness, using 2 different grades of pencil Printing – print with sponges, print onto paper and textile, design my own printing block, create a brick repeating pattern.		Large mural/class display - To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space. Collage - Cut paper and card for their collages, gather and sort the materials they will need Painting: choose to use thick and thin brushes as appropriate; paint a picture of something I can see Printing using fingers and bottles. 3D - Making Bog Babies: Add texture by using tools, make different kinds of shapes; cut, roll and coil materials such as clay, dough or plasticine.	Self Portraits – (Comparing L.S. Lowry works already studied and Lowry portraiture + Comparing the work of Lowry and Picasso) Painting – communicate something about myself in my painting; create moods in my paintings; choose to use thick and thin brushes as appropriate; paint a picture of something I can see; name the primary and secondary colours
Design Technology	Fruit Salad and coleslaw Design – design purposeful, functional and appealing	Linked to art – design and make a loom – utilise other objects as looms.	Model houses Design - design purposeful, functional, appealing products for	Model buses Design - design purposeful, functional, appealing products for	Mr Greenhead – Design - design purposeful, functional, appealing products for	

products based on desicriteria. Make - select from and a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks. Evaluate — evaluate the ideas and products again criteria. Cooking and Nutrition: the principles of a heal and varied diet to prepedishes. Understand where food comes from.	range of materials and textiles, according to their characteristics. eir uinst Use thy are	themselves and other users based on design criteria. Make - Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks. Evaluate - their ideas and products against design criteria. Technical knowledge — build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable	themselves and other users based on design criteria. Make - Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks. Evaluate - their ideas and products against design criteria. Technical knowledge — Explore and use mechanisms (wheels & axles)	themselves and other users based on design criteria. Make - Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks.	
R.E. Who is a Christian as what do they believed. Read stories from The Testament. Talk about issues of good and ba right and wrong arisin from the stories. Talk about Christian be about God and Jesus. Re-tell a story that she what Christians might think about God — The Creation Story — linked Jewish Fath Consider questions ab believing in God and be to offer own ideas.	celebrate special and sacred times? (Christmas and Diwali) (Christian and Hindu/Sikh/Jain religions) Identify some ways christians celebrate and ways a festival is celebrated in another religion Retell stories connected with Christmas Ask and answer questions about stories to do with Christian festivals and a	What makes some places sacred? Special Places (Christian and Muslim religions) Identify special objects and symbols found in a place where people worship (church) and be able to say something about what they mean and how they are use. Talk about ways in which stories, objects, symbols and actions used in churches and mosques show what people believe. Ask questions during a school visit about what happens in a church (Spring 1) and a mosque (Summer 2)	How and why do we celebrate special and sacred times? A Time to Feast (Easter & Eid) (Christian and Muslim religions) Identify some ways Christians celebrate and ways a festival is celebrated in another religion Retell stories connected with Easter Ask and answer questions about stories to do with Christian festivals and a festival from another religion (Ramadan & Eid-Al-Fitr) Collect examples of what people do, give, sing, remember or think	What does it mean to helong to a faith community? (Christian & Muslim) Recognise and name some symbols from their own experience, for Christians and Muslims – suggest what these might mean and why they matter to believers. Identify some similarities and differences between ceremonies/practices studied for each religion.	What makes some places sacred? Identify special objects and symbols found in a place where people worship (mosque) and be able to say something about what they mean and how they are use. Talk about ways in which stories, objects, symbols and actions used in churches and mosques show what people believe. Ask questions during a school visit about what happens in a church (Spring 1) and a mosque (Summer 2) values relate to their own behaviour

				about at the religious celebrations studied.		
P.E.	Ball skills Throw underarm Roll a ball Hit a ball with a bat Move and stop safely Catch with both Hands Throw in different ways Kick in different ways Follow simple rules to play games, including team games. Use simple attacking skills such as dodging to get past a defender. Use simple defensive skills such as marking a player or defending a space. Engage in competitive activities and team games.	Ball skills Throw underarm Roll a ball Hit a ball with a bat Move and stop safely Catch with both Hands Throw in different ways Kick in different ways Follow simple rules to play games, including team games. Use simple attacking skills such as dodging to get past a defender. Use simple defensive skills such as marking a player or defending a space. Engage in competitive activities and team games.	Gymnastics Make their body tense, relaxed, curled and stretched Control their body when travelling. Control their body when balancing. Copy sequences and repeat them. Roll in different ways. Travel in different ways changing speed and direction. Balance in different ways. Climb safely. Climb onto and jump off equipment safely. Stretch in different ways. Curl in different ways.	Move to music Copy and repeat dance moves varying speed Perform some dance moves Make up a short dance Move around the space safely. Composing	Bat and ball skills Describe how their bodies feel during exercise; Show how to exercise safely; Explain what their body needs to stay healthy. Copy and remember actions; repeat and explore actions with control and coordination Explain the differences between their own actions and another's actions Travel with, send and receive a ball and other equipment in different ways b Develop these skills for simple net, striking/fielding and invasion-type games c Play simple, competitive net, striking/fielding and invasion-type games that they and others have made, using simple tactics for attacking and defending Musicianship	Sports day practice and athletics skills Vary pace and speed when running. Run with a basic technique over different distances. Show good posture and balance. Jog in a straight line. Change direction when jogging. Sprint in a straight line. Change direction when sprinting. Perform different types of jump e.g. two feet to two feet. Two feet to one foot, one foot to same foot or one foot to opposite foot. Perform a short jumping sequence. Jump as high\ as far as possible Land safely and with control
Music	Sing simple songs, chants and rhymes (e.g. Boom Chicka Boom) from memory, singing	Singing Sing simple songs, chants and rhymes (e.g. Boom Chicka Boom) from memory,	Respond to different moods in music.	Improvise simple vocal chants, using	Pulse/Beat Walk, move or clap a steady beat with others, changing the speed of	Rhythm Perform short copycat rhythm patterns

	collectively and at the same pitch, responding to simple visual directions (e.g. stop, start, loud, quiet) and counting in. Begin with simple songs with a very small range, mi-so (e.g. Hello, How are You), and then slightly wider (e.g. Bounce High, Bounce Low). Include pentatomic songs (e.g. Dr Knickerbocker). Sing a wide range of call and response songs (e.g. Pretty Trees Around the World from Rhythms of Childhood), to control vocal pitch and to match the pitch they hear with accuracy.	singing collectively and at the same pitch, responding to simple visual directions (e.g. stop, start, loud, quiet) and counting in. Begin with simple songs with a very small range, miso (e.g. Hello, How are You), and then slightly wider (e.g. Bounce High, Bounce Low). Include pentatonic songs (e.g. Dr Knickerbocker). Sing a wide range of call and response songs (e.g. Pretty Trees Around the World from Rhythms of Childhood), to control vocal pitch and to match the pitch they hear with accuracy.	Say how a piece of music makes them feel. Say whether they like or dislike a piece of music. Choose sounds to represent different things. Recognise repeated patterns.	question and answer phrases. Create musical sound effects and short sequences of sounds in response to stimuli, e.g. a rainstorm or a train journey. Combine to make a story, choosing and playing classroom instruments (e.g. rainmaker) or soundmakers (e.g. rustling leaves). Understand the difference between creating a rhythm pattern and a pitch pattern. Invent, retain and recall rhythm and pitch patterns and perform these for others, taking turns. Use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds. Recognise how graphic notation can represent created sounds. Explore and invent own symbols.	the beat as the tempo of the music changes. Use body percussion, (e.g. clapping, tapping, walking) and classroom percussion (shakers, sticks and blocks, etc.), playing repeated rhythm patterns (ostinati) and short, pitched patterns on tuned instruments (e.g. glockenspiels or chime bars) to maintain a steady beat. Respond to the pulse in recorded/live music through movement and dance, e.g. Stepping (e.g. Mattachins from Capriol Suite by Warlock), Jumping (e.g. Trepak from The Nutcracker by Tchaikovsky) Walking on tiptoes (e.g. Scherzo from The Firebird Suite by Stravinsky).	accurately, led by the teacher. Perform short repeating rhythm patterns (ostinati) while keeping in time with a steady beat. Perform word-pattern chants (e.g. ca-ter-pillar crawl, fish and chips); create, retain and perform their own rhythm patterns. Pitch Listen to sounds in the local school environment, comparing high and low sounds. Sing familiar songs in both low and high voices and talk about the difference in sound. Explore percussion sounds to enhance storytelling, e.g. or ascending xylophone notes to suggest Jack climbing the beanstalk, or quiet sounds created on a rainstick/shakers to depict a shower, or regular strong beats played on a drum to replicate menacing footsteps. • Follow pictures and symbols to guide singing and playing, e.g. 4 dots = 4 taps on the drum.
PSHE.	E-Safety Taking care project Feelings Network hands	Celebrating difference including anti-bullying Explain what bullying means	E-safety Dreams and Goals Set simple goals I can achieve a goal Identify obstacles which make achieving my	Healthy Me Exploring 'right & wrong' behaviour – naughty bus Explain the difference between being healthy	Relationships (Links with Protective Behaviours) Describe ways that everyone's family is different	Changing me (including sex education and protective behaviours)

	Early warning signs I feel when so thank you Being Me in my world Understand my own rights and responsibilities in my classroom Understand that my choices have consequences Understand that my views are important Understand the rights and responsibilities of class members Understand that I am safe in my class Identify helpful behaviours to make my class a safe place Understand that I have choices and know that I am special Identify what it's like to feel proud of my achievements	Tell if I or someone else is being bullied or is feeling unhappy. Describe how people are unique and that it is OK to be different. Identify what is bullying and what isn't. Explain how being bullied might feel. Recognise ways in which I am the same as my friends and ways I am different.	goals difficult and work out how to overcome them Recognise things that I do well Explain how I learn best Recognise my own feelings when faced with a challenge/obstacle	and unhealthy and give examples Make healthy lifestyle choices Explain how all household products, including medicines, can be harmful if not used properly. Keep myself safe and make safe choices. Recognise how being healthy helps me to feel happy. Recognise ways to look after myself if I feel poorly. Recognise when I feel frightened and know to ask for help.	Explain how families are founded on belonging, love and care Understand that physical contact can be used as a greeting Make friends Describe who to ask for help in the school community Express how it feels to be part of a family and to care for family members Say what being a good friend means Identify forms of physical contact they prefer Say no when I receive a touch they don't like	Name of male and female private body parts Use the correct names for private body parts and nicknames, and when to use them Describe which parts of the body are private and that they belong to that person and that nobody has the right to hurt these Ask for help if they are worried or frightened Understand and accept that change is a natural part of getting older Suggest ways to manage change, e.g. moving to a new class Identify some things that have stayed the same since being a baby (including the body)
Themed weeks/trips	Farm visit Lazy Farmer visit Art/Dt fruit salad	Toy Museum Theatre trip	Explore our local area on foot – including visit to Post Office. Visit St. Giles church (linked to R.E.) Visit from local Postman Art week – Study a famous artist Science week	Travel to transport museum on public transport	Visit to Ryton Pools Visit Prologis Park	Mosque visit
Enrichment	Relationship skills, Self awareness Dough Disco funky fingers: Fine and gross motor, PSED	Parachute DT challenge self management, social awareness Christmas performance Gross motor, coordination, active listening, self expression	Boom whackers team games relationship skills. social awareness Observation, using eapmt, changes over time science	Gardening outdoor art responsible decision making, Self awareness Health and Wellbeing Observation, using eapmt, selecting and	Cosmic yoga DT takeaway active video self management, Self awareness Core strength, balance, focus, concentration,	active video Singing Sherlock self management, Self awareness Core strength, balance, focus, concentration, mindfulness, self expression

DT - Fruit tasting		using materials, self expression	mindfulness, self expression	Transition week first week in July